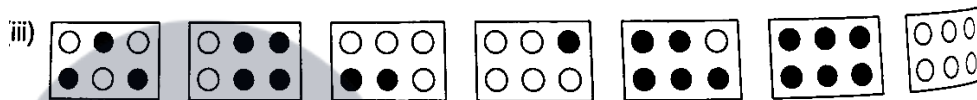
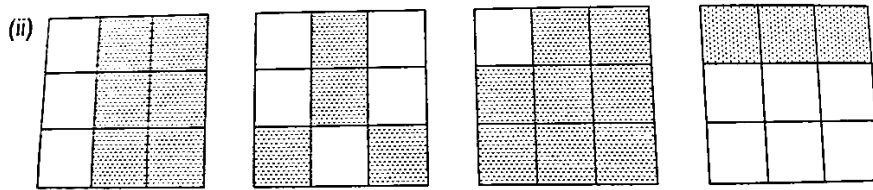
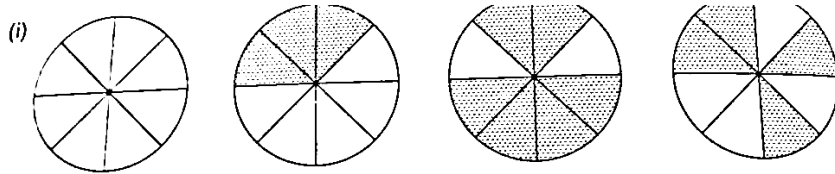


Exercise 6.7

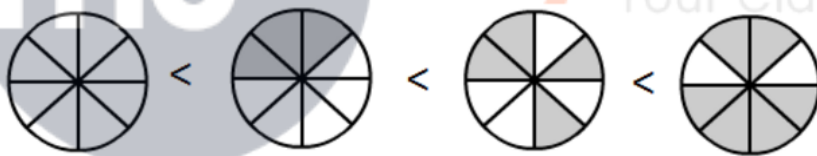
Question: 1

Write each fraction. Arrange them in ascending and descending order using correct sign ' $<$ ', ' $=$ ', ' $>$ ' between the fractions:



Solution:

(i) Ascending order



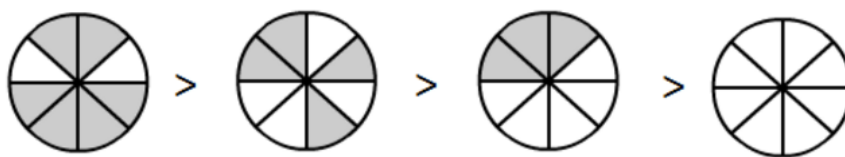
Fraction = $\frac{0}{8}$

Fraction = $\frac{3}{8}$

Fraction = $\frac{4}{8}$

Fraction = $\frac{6}{8}$

Descending order



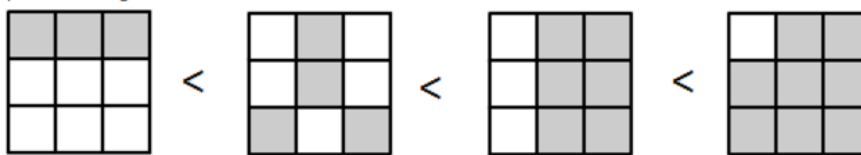
Fraction = $\frac{6}{8}$

Fraction = $\frac{4}{8}$

Fraction = $\frac{3}{8}$

Fraction = $\frac{0}{8}$

(ii) Ascending order



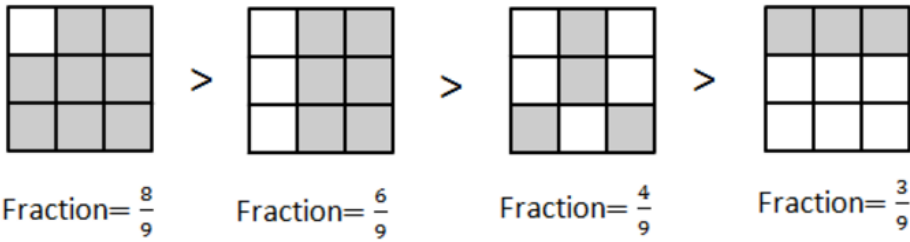
Fraction = $\frac{3}{9}$

Fraction = $\frac{4}{9}$

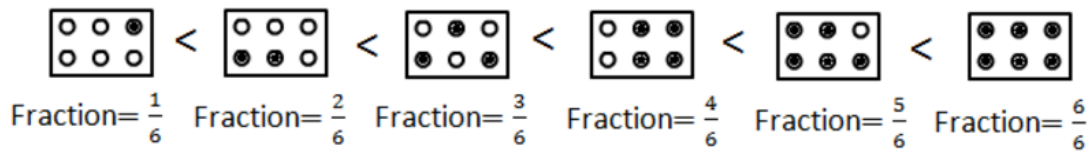
Fraction = $\frac{6}{9}$

Fraction = $\frac{8}{9}$

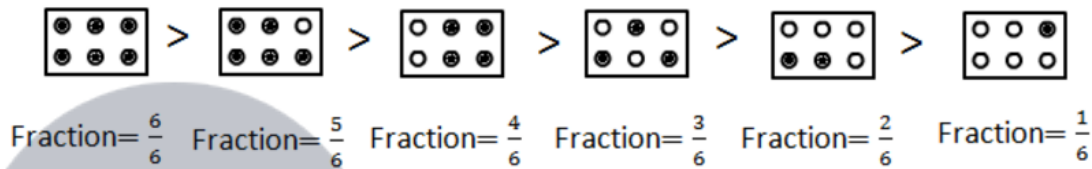
Descending order



(iii) Ascending order



Descending order



Question: 2

Mark $\frac{2}{6}$, $\frac{4}{6}$, $\frac{8}{6}$, $\frac{6}{6}$ on the number line and put appropriate signs between fractions given below:

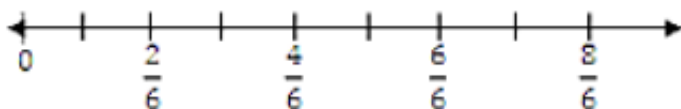
i) $\frac{5}{6}$ ——— $\frac{2}{6}$

ii) $\frac{3}{6}$ ——— $\frac{0}{6}$

iii) $\frac{1}{6}$ ——— $\frac{6}{6}$

iv) $\frac{8}{6}$ ——— $\frac{5}{6}$

Solution:



i) $56 > 26$ because $5 > 2$ and the denominator is the same.

- ii) $36 > 06$ because $3 > 0$ and the denominator is the same.
iii) $16 < 66$ because $6 > 1$ and the denominator is the same.
iv) $86 > 56$ because $8 > 5$ and the denominator is the same.

Question: 3

Compare the following fractions and put an appropriate:

i) $\frac{3}{6}$ _____ $\frac{5}{6}$

ii) $\frac{4}{5}$ _____ $\frac{0}{5}$

iii) $\frac{3}{20}$ _____ $\frac{4}{20}$

iv) $\frac{1}{7}$ _____ $\frac{1}{4}$

Solution:

- i) $36 < 56$ because $3 < 5$ and the denominator is the same.
ii) $45 > 05$ because $4 > 0$ and the denominator is the same.
iii) $320 < 420$ because $3 < 4$ and the denominator is the same.
iv) $17 < 14$ because $7 > 4$; if the numerator is the same, then the fraction that has smaller denominator is greater.

Question: 4

Compare the following fractions using the symbol $>$ or $<$:

- i) $6/7$ and $6/11$
ii) $3/7$ and $5/7$
iii) $2/3$ and $8/12$
iv) $1/5$ and $4/15$
v) $8/3$ and $8/13$
vi) $4/9$ and $15/8$

Solution:

i) $6/7 > 6/11$ because if the numerator is the same, then the fraction with smaller denominator is greater.

ii) $3/7 < 5/7$ because $3 < 5$ and the denominator is the same.

$$\text{iii) } \frac{8}{12} = \frac{2 \times 2 \times 2}{2 \times 2 \times 3} = \frac{2}{3} \text{ therefore, } \frac{2}{3} = \frac{8}{12}$$

$$\text{iv) } \frac{1}{5} = \frac{1}{5} \times \frac{3}{3} = \frac{3}{15}, \text{ therefore } \frac{3}{15} < \frac{4}{15}$$

(Because $3 < 4$ and the denominator is the same. Therefore, $1/15 < 4/15$)

v) $8/3 < 8/13$ Because if the numerator is the same, then the fraction with smaller denominator is greater.

$$\text{vi) } \frac{4}{9} = \frac{4}{9} \times \frac{8}{8} = \frac{32}{72}$$

$$\frac{15}{8} = \frac{15}{8} \times \frac{9}{9} = \frac{135}{72} > \frac{32}{72} < \frac{135}{72}$$

(Because $135 > 32$ and the denominator is the same)

Therefore, $4/9 < 15/8$

Question: 5

The following fractions represent just three different numbers. Separate them in to three groups of equal fractions by changing each one to its simplest form:

i) $2/12$

ii) $3/15$

iii) $8/50$

iv) $16/100$

v) $10/60$

vi) $15/75$

vii) $12/60$

viii) $16/96$

ix) $12/75$

x) $12/72$

xi) $3/18$

xii) $4/25$

Solution:

i) $2/12$

HCF of 2 & 12 is 2.

Divide both the numerator & denominator by the HCF of 2 & 12

$$2 \div \frac{2}{12} \div 2 = \frac{1}{6}$$

ii) $3/15$

HCF of 3 & 15 is 3.

Divide both the numerator & denominator by the HCF of 3 & 15.

$$3 \div \frac{3}{15} \div 3 = \frac{1}{5}$$

iii) $8/50$

HCF of 8 & 50 is 2.

Divide both the numerator & denominator by the HCF of 8 & 50.

$$8 \div \frac{8}{50} \div 2 = \frac{4}{25}$$

iv) $16/100$

HCF of 16 & 100 is 4.

Divide both the numerator & denominator by the HCF of 16 & 100.

$$16 \div \frac{16}{100} \div 4 = \frac{4}{25}$$

v) $10/60$

HCF of 10 & 60 is 10.

Divide both the numerator & denominator by the HCF of 10 & 60.

$$10 \div \frac{10}{60} \div 10 = \frac{1}{6}$$

vi) 15/75

HCF of 15 & 75 is 15.

Divide both the numerator & denominator by the HCF of 15 & 75.

$$15 \div \frac{15}{75} \div 15 = \frac{1}{5}$$

vii) 12/60

HCF of 12 & 60 is 12.

Divide both the numerator & denominator by the HCF of 12 & 60.

$$12 \div \frac{12}{60} \div 12 = \frac{1}{5}$$

viii) 16/96

HCF of 16 & 96 is 16.

Divide both the numerator & denominator by the HCF of 16 & 96

$$16 \div \frac{16}{96} \div 16 = \frac{1}{6}$$

ix) 12/75

HCF of 12 & 75 is 3.

Divide both the numerator & denominator by the HCF of 12 & 75.

$$12 \div \frac{3}{75} \div 3 = \frac{4}{25}$$

x) 12/72



HCF of 12 & 72 is 12.

Divide both the numerator & denominator by the HCF of 12 & 72

$$12 \div \frac{12}{72} \div 12 = \frac{1}{6}$$

xi) $\frac{3}{18}$

HCF of 3 & 18 is 3.

Divide both the numerator & denominator by the HCF of 3 & 18.

$$3 \div \frac{3}{18} \div 3 = \frac{1}{6}$$

xii) $\frac{4}{25}$

HCF of 4 & 25 is 1.

Divide both the numerator & denominator by the HCF of 4 & 25

$$4 \div \frac{1}{25} \div 1 = \frac{4}{25}$$

Three groups of equal fractions:

$$\frac{2}{12}, \frac{10}{60}, \frac{16}{96}, \frac{12}{72}, \frac{3}{18}; \frac{3}{15}, \frac{8}{50}, \frac{16}{100}, \frac{15}{75}, \frac{12}{60}, \frac{12}{75}, \frac{4}{25}$$

Question: 6

Isha read 25 pages of a book containing 100 pages. Nagma read $\frac{1}{2}$ of the same book. Who read less?

Solution:

Total pages in the book = 100

$$\text{Fraction of the book read by Isha} = 25 \div \frac{25}{100} \div 25 = \frac{1}{4}$$

(Dividing numerator & denominator by the HCF of 25 & 100)

Fraction of the book read by Nagma = $\frac{12}{14}$

Now, compare $\frac{14}{4}$ & $\frac{12}{4}$.

LCM of 4 & 2 is 4.

Convert each fraction into equivalent fraction with 4 as its denominator.

$$1 \times \frac{1}{4} \times 1 \text{ and } 1 \times \frac{2}{2} \times \frac{2}{14} \text{ and } \frac{1}{4} = \frac{2}{4}$$

Therefore, Isha read less.

Question: 7

Arrange the following fractions in the ascending order:

i) $\frac{2}{9}, \frac{7}{9}, \frac{3}{9}, \frac{4}{9}, \frac{1}{9}, \frac{6}{9}, \frac{5}{9}$

ii) $\frac{7}{8}, \frac{7}{25}, \frac{7}{11}, \frac{7}{18}, \frac{7}{10}$

iii) $\frac{37}{47}, \frac{37}{50}, \frac{37}{100}, \frac{37}{100}, \frac{37}{85}, \frac{37}{41}$

iv) $\frac{3}{5}, \frac{1}{5}, \frac{4}{5}, \frac{2}{5}$

v) $\frac{2}{5}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{5}$

vi) $\frac{3}{8}, \frac{3}{12}, \frac{3}{6}, \frac{3}{4}$

vii) $\frac{4}{6}, \frac{3}{8}, \frac{6}{12}, \frac{5}{16}$

Solution:

i) $\frac{2}{9}, \frac{7}{9}, \frac{3}{9}, \frac{4}{9}, \frac{1}{9}, \frac{6}{9}, \frac{5}{9}$, when the denominators are the same and numerators are different, then the fraction with greater numerator has a larger

value.

ii) $\frac{7}{8}, \frac{7}{25}, \frac{7}{11}, \frac{7}{18}, \frac{7}{10}$, when numerators are the same and denominators are different, the fraction with greater denominator has a smaller value.

iii) $\frac{37}{47}, \frac{37}{50}, \frac{37}{100}, \frac{37}{100}, \frac{37}{85}, \frac{37}{41}$

When numerators are the same and denominator has a smaller value.

iv) $\frac{3}{5}, \frac{1}{5}, \frac{4}{5}, \frac{2}{5}$

When denominators are the same and numerators are different, then the fraction with greater numerator has a larger value.

v) LCM of 2, 4 and 5 is 20

$$\frac{2}{5} = \frac{2}{5} \times \frac{4}{4} = \frac{8}{20}$$

$$\frac{3}{4} = \frac{3}{4} \times \frac{5}{5} = \frac{15}{20}$$

$$\frac{2}{5} = \frac{2}{5} \times \frac{4}{4} = \frac{8}{20}$$

vi) $\frac{3}{12}, \frac{3}{8}, \frac{3}{6}, \frac{3}{4}$.

vii) $\frac{5}{16}, \frac{3}{8}, \frac{6}{12}, \frac{4}{6}$

Question: 8

Arrange in descending order in each of the following using symbols $>$:

i) $\frac{8}{17}, \frac{8}{9}, \frac{8}{5}, \frac{8}{13}$

ii) $\frac{5}{9}, \frac{3}{12}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{4}{15}$

Solution:

i) $\frac{8}{5} > \frac{8}{9} > \frac{8}{13} > \frac{8}{17}$

ii) $\frac{5}{9} > \frac{1}{3} > \frac{3}{12} > \frac{4}{15}$

Question: 9

Find answers to the following. Write and indicate how you solved them.

i) Is $\frac{5}{9}$ equal to $\frac{4}{5}$?



ii) Is $9/16$ equal to $5/9$?

iii) Is $4/5$ equal to $16/20$?

iv) Is $1/15$ equal to $4/30$?

Solution:

i) No. $5 \times 5 \neq 9 \times 4$

ii) No. $9 \times 9 \neq 16 \times 5$

iii) yes. $4 \times 20 = 16 \times 5$

iv) No. $1 \times 30 \neq 15 \times 4$



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