

EXERCISE 21.2

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1. Find the area of a circle whose radius is

- (i) 7 cm
- (ii) 2.1 m
- (iii) 7 km

Solution:

(i) Given radius = 7 cm

We know that area of circle = πr^2

$$A = (22/7) \times 7^2$$

$$A = 22 \times 7$$

$$A = 154 \text{ cm}^2$$

(ii) Given radius = 2.1 m

We know that area of circle = πr^2

$$A = (22/7) \times (2.1)^2$$

$$A = 22/7 \times 4.41$$

$$A = 13.86 \text{ m}^2$$

(iii) Given radius = 7 km

We know that area of circle = πr^2

$$A = (22/7) \times 7^2$$

$$A = 22 \times 7$$

$$A = 154 \text{ km}^2$$

2. Find the area of a circle whose diameter is

- (i) 8.4 cm
- (ii) 5.6 m
- (iii) 7 km

Solution:

(i) Given diameter = 8.4 cm

Therefore radius, $r = d/2 = 8.4/2 = 4.2$

We know that area of circle = πr^2

$$A = (22/7) \times (4.2)^2$$



$$A = 55.44 \text{ cm}^2$$

(ii) Given diameter = 5.6 cm

Therefore radius, $r = d/2 = 5.6/2 = 2.8$

We know that area of circle = πr^2

$$A = (22/7) \times (2.8)^2$$

$$A = 24.64 \text{ cm}^2$$

(iii) Given diameter = 7 km

Therefore radius, $r = d/2 = 7/2 = 3.5$

We know that area of circle = πr^2

$$A = (22/7) \times (3.5)^2$$

$$A = 38.5 \text{ km}^2$$

3. The area of a circle is 154 cm^2 . Find the radius of the circle.

Solution:

Given area of the circle = 154 cm^2

$$A = \pi r^2$$

$$154 = 22/7 r^2$$

$$r^2 = (154 \times 7)/22$$

$$r^2 = 49$$

$$r = 7 \text{ cm}$$

4. Find the radius of a circle, if its area is

(i) $4 \pi \text{ cm}^2$

(ii) 55.44 m^2

(iii) 1.54 km^2

Solution:

(i) We know that area of circle = πr^2

Given area = $4 \pi \text{ cm}^2$

$$A = \pi r^2$$

$$4 \pi = \pi r^2$$

$$r^2 = 4$$

Therefore $r = 2 \text{ cm}$

(ii) We know that area of circle = πr^2

Given area = 55.44 cm^2

$$A = \pi r^2$$

$$55.44 = \pi r^2$$

$$r^2 = (55.44 \times 7)/22$$

$$r^2 = 17.64 \text{ m}$$

$$r = 4.2 \text{ m}$$

(iii) We know that area of circle = πr^2

Given area = 1.54 km^2

$$A = \pi r^2$$

$$1.54 = \pi r^2$$

$$r^2 = (1.54 \times 7)/22$$

$$r^2 = 0.49 \text{ km}$$

$$r = 0.7 \text{ km}$$

$$r = 700 \text{ m}$$

5. The circumference of a circle is 3.14 m, find its area.

Solution:

Given circumference = 3.14m

We know that circumference of circle = $2 \pi r$

$$3.14 = 2 \times 3.14 \times r$$

$$r = 3.14 / (2 \times 3.14)$$

$$r = 0.5$$

We know that area of circle = πr^2

$$A = (22/7) \times (0.5)^2$$

$$A = 0.785 \text{ m}^2$$

6. If the area of a circle is 50.24 m^2 , find its circumference.

Solution:

Given area of a circle is 50.24 m^2

We know that area of circle = πr^2

$$50.24 = (22/7) \times r^2$$

$$r^2 = (50.24 \times 7)/22$$

$$r^2 = 15.985$$

$$r = 3.998 \text{ m}$$

We know that circumference of circle = $2 \pi r$

$$C = 2 \times (22/7) \times 3.998$$

$$C = 25.12 \text{ m}$$

7. A horse is tied to a pole with 28 m long string. Find the area where the horse can graze. (Take $\pi = 22 / 7$).

Solution:

Given the length of the string = 28m

The area over which the horse can graze is the same as the area of circle of radius 28 m

Hence required area = πr^2

$$A = (22/7) \times (28)^2$$

$$A = 2464 \text{ m}^2$$

8. A steel wire when bent in the form of a square encloses an area of 121 cm^2 . If the same wire is bent in the form of a circle, find the area of the circle.

Solution:

Given area of the square = 121 cm^2

$$(\text{Side})^2 = 121$$

Therefore side = 11 cm

We know that the perimeter of the square = 4 (side)

$$= 4 (11)$$

$$= 44 \text{ cm}$$

According to the question circumference of the circle = perimeter of the square

So let r be the radius of the circle

$$2 \pi r = 44$$

$$2 \times (22/7) \times r = 44$$

Therefore r = 7 cm

We know that area of the circle = πr^2

$$A = (22/7) \times (7)^2$$

$$A = 154 \text{ cm}^2$$

9. A road which is 7 m wide surrounds a circular park whose circumference is 352 m. Find the area of road.

Solution:

Given circumference of park = 352 m

But we know that circumference of circle = $2 \pi r = 352$ m

$$2 \times (22/7) \times r = 352$$

$$r = (352 \times 7) / 44$$

$$r = 56 \text{ m}$$

Radius of the path including the 7m wide road = $(r + 7) = 56 + 7 = 63$ m

Therefore area of the road = $\pi \times (63)^2 - \pi \times (56)^2$

$$A = 22/7 \times 63 \times 63 - (22/7) \times 56 \times 56$$

$$A = 22 (9 \times 63 - 8 \times 56)$$

$$A = 22 (567 - 448)$$

$$A = 2618 \text{ m}^2$$

10. Prove that the area of a circular path of uniform width h surrounding a circular region of radius r is $\pi h (2r + h)$.

Solution:

Let radius of circular region = r

Radius of circular path of uniform width h surrounding the circular region of radius,

$$r = r + h$$

Therefore area of path = $\pi (r + h)^2 - \pi r^2$

$$= \pi r^2 + \pi h^2 + 2 \pi r h - \pi r^2$$

$$= \pi h (2r + h)$$

Hence the proof.

11. The perimeter of a circle is $4\pi r$ cm. What is the area of the circle?

Solution:

Given perimeter of circle = $4\pi r$ cm

Which can be written as = $2 \pi (2r)$

We know that the perimeter of a circle = $2 \pi r$

Therefore we have radius = $2r$

We also know that area of circle = πr^2

$$= \pi (2r)^2$$

$$= 4 \pi r^2 \text{ cm}^2$$

12. A wire of 5024 m length is in the form of a square. It is cut and made a circle. Find

the ratio of the area of the square to that of the circle.

Solution:

It is given that, Perimeter of the square = 5024 m

$$\Rightarrow 4 \times \text{side} = 5024$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{Side} = 5024/4$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{Side} = 1256 \text{ m}$$

The same wire is converted into the form of a circle. Therefore,

Circumference of the circle = Perimeter of the square

$$\Rightarrow 2\pi r = 5024$$

$$\Rightarrow 2 \times \pi \times r = 5024$$

$$\Rightarrow r = 2512/\pi$$

We know that area of the square: Area of the circle = $(\text{side})^2 : \pi r^2$

$$\text{Area of square/ area of circle} = (\text{side})^2 / \pi r^2$$

$$\text{Area of square/ area of circle} = (1256 \times 1256) / [\pi \times (2512/\pi) \times (2512/\pi)]$$

$$= (1256 \times 1256 \times 22) / (2512 \times 2512 \times 7)$$

$$= 11/14$$

Area of the square: Area of the circle = 11: 14

13. The radius of a circle is 14 cm. Find the radius of the circle whose area is double of the area of the circle.

Solution:

Let the area of the circle whose radius is 14 cm be A_1 .

We know that area of the circle = πr^2

Therefore,

$$A_1 = \pi (14)^2$$

Let A_2 and r_2 be the area and radius of the second circle respectively whose area is double the area of circle A_1 .

$$A_2 = 2 A_1$$

$$\Rightarrow \pi (r_2)^2 = 2 \times \pi (14)^2$$

$$\Rightarrow (r_2)^2 = 2 \times (14)^2$$

$$\Rightarrow r_2 = 14\sqrt{2} \text{ cm}$$

Hence the radius of the circle A_2 is $14\sqrt{2}$ cm.

14. The radius of one circular field is 20 m and that of another is 48 m. find the radius of the third circular field whose area is equal to the sum of the areas of two fields.

Solution:

Let A_1 = the area of the circle whose radius is 20 m [given]

A_2 = the area of the circle whose radius is 48 m [given]

Now we have to find the radius of third circle such that whose area is equal to the sum of areas of two fields.

Hence,

$$A_3 = A_1 + A_2$$

$$\Rightarrow \pi r^2 = \pi (20)^2 + \pi (48)^2$$

$$\Rightarrow \pi r^2 = \pi [(20)^2 + (48)^2]$$

$$\Rightarrow r^2 = 400 + 2304$$

$$\Rightarrow r = 52 \text{ m}$$

Therefore radius = 52 m

15. The radius of one circular field is 5 m and that of the other is 13 m. Find the radius of the circular field whose area is the difference of the areas of first and second field.

Solution:

Let A_1 = the area of the circular field whose radius is 5 m [given]

A_2 = the area of the circular field whose radius is 13 m [given]

Now we have to find the area of circular field such that area is the difference of the areas of first and second field

$$A_3 = A_2 - A_1$$

$$\Rightarrow \pi r^2 = \pi (13)^2 - \pi (5)^2$$

$$\Rightarrow \pi r^2 = \pi [(13)^2 - (5)^2]$$

$$\Rightarrow r^2 = 169 - 25$$

$$\Rightarrow r^2 = 144$$

$$\Rightarrow r = 12 \text{ m}$$

Hence, the radius of the circular field is 12 m.

16. Two circles are drawn inside a big circle with diameters $\frac{2}{3}$ rd and $\frac{1}{3}$ rd of the diameter of the big circle as shown in Fig. 18. Find the area of the shaded portion, if the length of the diameter of the circle is 18 cm.

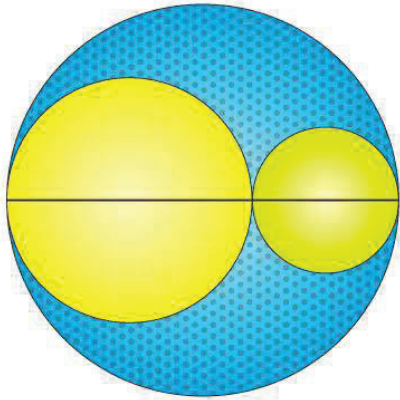


Fig. 18

Solution:

It is given that, diameter of the big circle = 18 cm

Radius of the big circle = 9 cm

Area of the big circle, $A = \pi r^2 = \pi (9)^2 = 81\pi \text{ cm}^2$

Let $d_1 = (2/3) \times 18 = 12 \text{ cm}$

$r_1 = 6 \text{ cm}$

Area of the circle, $A_1 = \pi r^2 = \pi (6)^2 = 36\pi \text{ cm}^2$

$d_2 = (1/3) \times 18 = 6 \text{ cm}$

$r_2 = 3 \text{ cm}$

Area of the circle, $A_2 = \pi r^2 = \pi (3)^2 = 9\pi \text{ cm}^2$

Area of the shaded portion = $A - (A_1 + A_2)$

Area of the shaded portion = $81\pi - (36\pi + 9\pi) = 36\pi \text{ cm}^2$

17. In Fig. 19, the radius of quarter circular plot taken is 2 m and radius of the flower bed is 2 m. Find the area of the remaining field.

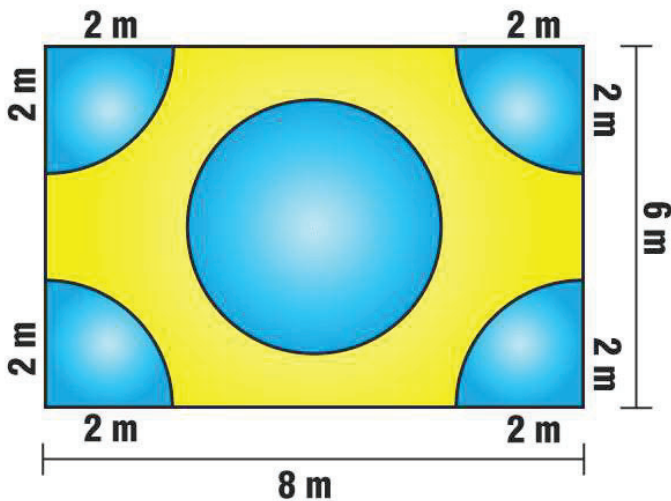


Fig. 19

Solution:

Given that Radius of flower bed = 2 m

$$\text{Area of flower bed} = \pi r^2 = \pi (2)^2 = 4\pi$$

Radius of the quarter circular plot = 2 m

$$\text{Area of the quarter circular plot} = (\pi r^2)/4$$

$$\text{Area of 4 quarter circular plots} = 4 \times (\pi r^2)/4$$

$$= \pi r^2$$

$$= \pi (2)^2$$

$$= 4\pi$$

We know that area of the rectangular region = Length x Breadth

$$\text{Area of the rectangular region} = 8 \times 6 = 48 \text{ m}^2$$

Area of the remaining field = Area of the rectangular region – (Area of 4 quarter circular plots + Area of the flower bed)

$$\text{Area of the remaining field} = 48 - (4\pi + 4\pi)$$

$$= 48 - 25.12$$

$$= 22.88 \text{ m}^2$$

18. Four equal circles, each of radius 5 cm, touch each other as shown in Fig. 20. Find the area included between them. (Take $\pi = 3.14$).

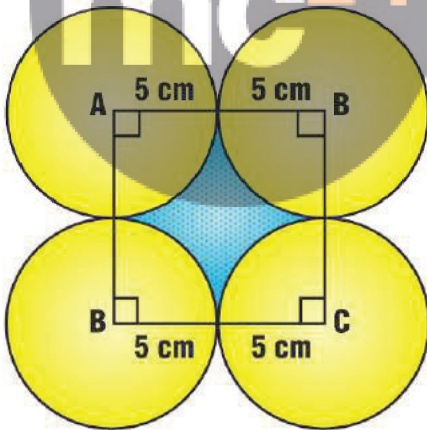


Fig. 20

Solution:

From the figure we can see that,

Side of the square = 10 cm

$$\text{We know that area of the square} = \text{side} \times \text{side} = 10 \times 10 = 100 \text{ cm}^2$$

Radius of the quarter circle = 5 cm

$$\text{Area of the quarter circle} = (\pi r^2)/4$$

$$\text{Area of 4 quarter circle} = 4 \times (\pi r^2)/4$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= \pi r^2 \\ &= 3.14 \times (5)^2 \\ &= 78.5 \text{ cm}^2 \end{aligned}$$

Area included in the quarter circle = Area of the square – Area of the four quarter circles

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Area included in them} &= (100 - 78.5) \text{ cm}^2 \\ &= 21.5 \text{ cm}^2 \end{aligned}$$

19. The area of circle is 100 times the area of another circle. What is the ratio of their circumferences?

Solution:

Let the area of the circles be A_1 and A_2 and their circumference be c_1 and c_2 respectively.

According to the question it is clear that $A_1 = 100 A_2$

$$\Rightarrow \pi (r_1)^2 = 100 \times \pi (r_2)^2$$

$$\Rightarrow r_1 = 10 r_2$$

$$\Rightarrow r_1/r_2 = 10/1 \dots (i)$$

Finding the ratios of the circumference;

$$C_1 : C_2 = 2\pi r_1 : 2\pi r_2$$

$$C_1/C_2 = (2\pi r_1) / (2\pi r_2)$$

$$C_1/C_2 = r_1/r_2$$

Putting the value of r_1/r_2 from equation (i)

$$C_1/C_2 = 10/1$$

$$C_1 : C_2 = 10 : 1$$

Hence, the ratio of their circumferences is 10: 1.

