

EXERCISE 9A

Question 1

Find the interest and the amount on:

(i) ₹ 750 in 3 years 4 months at 10% per annum.

Solution:-

Given P = ₹ 750

Time (T) = $3\frac{4}{12} = 3\frac{1}{3} = \frac{10}{3}$ years

Rate (R) = 10%

$$\text{Interest (I)} = \frac{PRT}{100} = \frac{750 \times 10 \times \frac{10}{3}}{100} = \frac{250 \times 10 \times 10}{100} = 250$$

(ii) ₹ 5000 at 8% per year from 23rd December 2011 to 29th July 2012.

Solution:-

Principal (P) = ₹ 5000 Rate

(R) = 8% p.a

Time (T) = 23 December 2011 to 29 July 2012

Dec. Jan. Feb. March April May June July

8 31 29 31 30 31 30 29

Total 219 days = $\frac{219}{365}$ years

$$\text{Interest} = \frac{PRT}{100} = \frac{5000 \times 8 \times 219}{100 \times 365} = 10 \times 8 \times 3 = 240$$

∴ Amount = P + I = ₹ 5000 + 240 = ₹ 5240

(iii) ₹ 2,600 in 2 years 3 months at 1% per month.

Solution:-

Here p = ₹ 2600

Time (T) = 2 Years 3 month = 27 months

Rate (R) = 1 per month

$$\text{Interest} = \frac{P \times T \times R}{100} = \frac{2600 \times 27 \times 1}{100} = 26 \times 27 = \text{Rs.}702$$

∴ Amount = (2600+702) = Rs.3302

(iv) ₹ 4,000 in $1\frac{1}{3}$ years at 2 paise per rupee per month.

Solution:-

Here P=Rs.4.000, Time (T) = $1\frac{1}{3}$ year

= 1 year + $\frac{12}{3}$ months = 16 months

Rate (R) = 2 paise per rupee per month = 2% per month

$$\text{Interest (I)} = \frac{P \times T \times R}{100} = \frac{4,000 \times 2 \times 16}{100} = 40 \times 32 = \text{Rs.1280}$$

$$\therefore \text{Amount (A)} = P + I = \text{Rs.4000} + \text{Rs.1280} = \text{Rs. 5280}$$

Question 2

Rohit borrowed Rs. 24,000 at 7.5 percent per year. How much money will he pay at the end of 4th years to clear his debt?

Solution:-

Principal (P) = Rs.24000

Rate (R) = 7.5% P.A.

Time (T) = 4 Years

$$\text{S.I.} = \frac{P \times T \times R}{100} = \text{Rs.} \frac{24,000 \times 4 \times 7.5}{100}$$

$$= \text{Rs. } 240 \times 4 \times 7.5 = 240 \times 30 = \text{Rs.7200}$$

Amount needed to clear the debt at the end of 4th year

$$= \text{Rs.24000} + \text{Rs.7200} = \text{Rs.3,1200}$$

Question 3.

The interest on a certain sum of money is Rs. 1,480 in 2 years and at 10 per cent per year. Find the sum of money.

Solution:-

Consider P = Rs. X

Time (T) = 2 Years

Rate (R) = 10%

$$\text{Interest} = \frac{P \times T \times R}{100} = \frac{x \times 2 \times 10}{100} = \frac{x}{5} = \frac{x}{5} = \text{Rs.1480 (Given)}$$

$$\therefore x = 1480 \times 5 = \text{Rs.7400}$$

Therefore, the money Rs.7400

Question 4.

On what principal will the simple interest be Rs. 7,008 in 6 years 3 months at 5% per year?

Solution:-

Consider principal = Rs.P

Time (T) = 6 Years 3 month = 6 Year + $\frac{3}{12}$

Year = $\frac{75}{12} = \frac{25}{4}$ year = $6\frac{1}{4}$ years

Rate(R)=5%

Simple interest =Rs.7,008

Here

$$\text{Simple interest} = \frac{P \times T \times R}{100} = 7,008 = \frac{P \times \frac{25}{4} \times 5}{100} \Rightarrow P = \frac{7008 \times 100 \times 4}{25 \times 5} = \frac{7008 \times 16}{5}$$

$$=112128/5=\text{Rs.}22425.60$$

Question 5.

Find the principal which will amount to Rs. 4,000 in 4 years at 6.25% per annum.

Solution:-

Consider Principal = Rs P, Time (T) = 4 Years

$$\text{Rate} = 6\frac{1}{4} = 25/4\%$$

$$\text{Simple Interest} = \frac{P \times T \times R}{100} = \frac{P \times \frac{25}{4} \times 4}{100} = \frac{P}{4}$$

$$\therefore \text{Amount} = P + P/4 = 5P/4 = 5P/4 = 4000$$

$$\Rightarrow 5P = 4 \times 4000$$

$$\Rightarrow P = \text{Rs.}3200$$

Therefore, Principal = Rs.3200

Question 6.

(i) At what rate per cent per annum will Rs. 630 produce an interest of Rs. 126 in 4 years?

Solution:-

P=Rs.630, I=Rs.126, T=4

$$R = \frac{100 \times I}{P \times T} = \frac{100 \times 126}{630 \times 4} = \frac{100}{20} = 5\%$$

(ii) At what rate per cent per year will a sum double itself in $6\frac{1}{4}$ years?

Solution:-

Let P = Rs.100

Amount = 2 × Rs.100 = Rs.200

Interest = A - P

$$= \text{Rs.}200 - \text{Rs.}100 = \text{Rs.}100$$

$$= T = 6\frac{1}{4} \text{ years} = 25/4 \text{ years}$$

$$R = \frac{100 \times I}{P \times T} = \frac{100 \times 100}{100 \times \frac{25}{4}} \% = \frac{100 \times 100}{100} \times \frac{4}{25} = 16\%$$

Question 7.

(i) In how many years will Rs. 950 produce Rs. 399 as simple interest at 7%?

Solution:-

P = Rs.950

S.I = Rs.3900

R = 7%

Here

$$T = \frac{100 \times I}{P \times R} = \frac{100 \times 399}{950 \times 7} = \frac{10 \times 21}{5 \times 7} = 2 \times 3 = 6 \text{ Years}$$

(ii) Find the time in which Rs. 1200 will amount to Rs. 1536 at 3.5% per year.

Solution:-

A = Rs.1536

P = Rs.1200

I = A – P

= Rs.1536 – Rs.1200 = Rs.336

Here

$$T = \frac{100 \times I}{P \times R} (\text{Formula}) = \frac{100 \times 336}{1200 \times 3.5} = \frac{100 \times 336 \times 10}{1200 \times 35} \left[\because \frac{1}{3.5} = \frac{10}{35} \right] = \frac{28 \times 10}{35} = 8$$

Question 8.

The simple interest on a certain sum of money is $\frac{3}{8}$ of the sum in 64 years. Find the rate percent charged.

Solution:-

Consider P = RS.8

S.I = Rs. $\frac{3}{8} \times 8$

= Rs.3

= T = $6\frac{1}{4}$ years = $25\frac{1}{4}$ Years

Here

$$R = \frac{100 \times I}{P \times T} = \frac{100 \times 3}{8 \times \frac{25}{4}} = \frac{100 \times 3}{8} \times \frac{4}{25} = 2 \times 3 (\text{Formula})$$

=6%

Question 9.

What sum of money borrowed on 24th May will amount to Rs.10210.20 on 17th October of the same year at 5 percent per annum simple interest?

Solution:-

A = Rs.10210.20

R = 5% P.A

T = May + June+ July + August + Sept +Oct

= 7 + 30 + 31 + 31 + 30 + 17

=146/365days= $2\frac{1}{5}$ Year

Here

P + I = A

(Formula for finding principal)

$$P + \frac{P \times R \times T}{100} = A \Rightarrow P \left(1 + \frac{5 \times \frac{2}{5}}{100} \right) = \text{Rs.}10210 \cdot 2 \Rightarrow P \left(1 + \frac{R \times T}{100} \right) = A$$

$$P \left(1 + \frac{2}{100} \right) = \text{Rs.}10210 \cdot 20 \Rightarrow P \left(\frac{102}{100} \right) = \text{Rs.}10210 \cdot 20 \Rightarrow P = \text{Rs.}10210 \cdot 20 \times \frac{100}{102}$$

$$P = \text{Rs.} \frac{1021020}{102}$$

$$P = \text{Rs.}10010$$

∴ Money to be borrowed = Rs.10010

Question 10.

In what time will the interest on a certain sum of money at 6% be 5/8 of itself?

Solution:-

Consider P = Rs.8

Interest = Rs. $8 \frac{5}{8}$ = Rs.5 (Converting the mixed fraction into normal one)

R = 6%

$$T = \frac{100 \times I}{P \times R} = \frac{100 \times 5}{8 \times 6} = \frac{500}{48} = \frac{125}{12} \text{ Years}$$

$$= 10 \frac{5}{12} \text{ Years}$$

$$= 10 \text{ Years } 5 \text{ months}$$

$$= [\because \frac{5}{12} \text{ year} = \frac{5}{12} \times 12 \text{ months} = 5 \text{ months}]$$

$$\text{Time} = 10 \text{ years } 5 \text{ months}$$

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