

## EXERCISE 4.3

**1. Find the cube roots of the following numbers by successive subtraction of numbers:**

**1, 7, 19, 37, 61, 91, 127, 169, 217, 271, 331, 397, ...**

**(i) 64**

**(ii) 512**

**(iii) 1728**

**Solution:**

**(i) 64**

Let's perform subtraction

$$64 - 1 = 63$$

$$63 - 7 = 56$$

$$56 - 19 = 37$$

$$37 - 37 = 0$$

Subtraction is performed 4 times.

∴ Cube root of 64 is 4.

**(ii) 512**

Let's perform subtraction

$$512 - 1 = 511$$

$$511 - 7 = 504$$

$$504 - 19 = 485$$

$$485 - 37 = 448$$

$$448 - 61 = 387$$

$$387 - 91 = 296$$

$$296 - 127 = 169$$

$$169 - 169 = 0$$

Subtraction is performed 8 times.

∴ Cube root of 512 is 8.

**(iii) 1728**

Let's perform subtraction

$$1728 - 1 = 1727$$

$$1727 - 7 = 1720$$

$$1720 - 19 = 1701$$

$$1701 - 37 = 1664$$

$$1664 - 91 = 1573$$

$$1573 - 127 = 1446$$

$$1385 - 169 = 1216$$

$$1216 - 217 = 999$$

$$999 - 271 = 728$$

$$728 - 331 = 397$$

$$397 - 397 = 0$$

Subtraction is performed 12 times.

∴ Cube root of 1728 is 12.

**2. Using the method of successive subtraction examine whether or not the following numbers are perfect cubes:**

**(i) 130**

**(ii) 345**

**(iii) 792**

**(iv) 1331**

**Solution:**

**(i) 130**

Let's perform subtraction

$$130 - 1 = 129$$

$$129 - 7 = 122$$

$$122 - 19 = 103$$

$$103 - 37 = 66$$

$$66 - 61 = 5$$

Next number to be subtracted is 91, which is greater than 5

∴ 130 is not a perfect cube.

**(ii) 345**

Let's perform subtraction

$$345 - 1 = 344$$

$$344 - 7 = 337$$

$$337 - 19 = 318$$

$$318 - 37 = 281$$

$$281 - 61 = 220$$

$$220 - 91 = 129$$

$$129 - 127 = 2$$

Next number to be subtracted is 169, which is greater than 2

∴ 345 is not a perfect cube

**(iii) 792**

Let's perform subtraction

$$792 - 1 = 791$$

$$791 - 7 = 784$$

$$784 - 19 = 765$$

$$765 - 37 = 728$$

$$728 - 61 = 667$$

$$667 - 91 = 576$$

$$576 - 127 = 449$$

$$449 - 169 = 280$$

$$280 - 217 = 63$$

Next number to be subtracted is 271, which is greater than 63

$\therefore$  792 is not a perfect cube

(iv) 1331

Let's perform subtraction

$$1331 - 1 = 1330$$

$$1330 - 7 = 1323$$

$$1323 - 19 = 1304$$

$$1304 - 37 = 1267$$

$$1267 - 61 = 1206$$

$$1206 - 91 = 1115$$

$$1115 - 127 = 988$$

$$988 - 169 = 819$$

$$819 - 217 = 602$$

$$602 - 271 = 331$$

$$331 - 331 = 0$$

Subtraction is performed 11 times

Cube root of 1331 is 11

$\therefore$  1331 is a perfect cube.

**3. Find the smallest number that must be subtracted from those of the numbers in question 2 which are not perfect cubes, to make them perfect cubes. What are the corresponding cube roots?**

**Solution:**

In previous question there are three numbers which are not perfect cubes.

(i) 130

Let's perform subtraction

$$130 - 1 = 129$$

$$129 - 7 = 122$$

$$122 - 19 = 103$$

$$103 - 37 = 66$$

$$66 - 61 = 5$$

Next number to be subtracted is 91, which is greater than 5

Since, 130 is not a perfect cube. So, to make it perfect cube we subtract 5 from the given number.

$$130 - 5 = 125 \text{ (which is a perfect cube of 5)}$$

**(ii)** 345

Let's perform subtraction

$$345 - 1 = 344$$

$$344 - 7 = 337$$

$$337 - 19 = 318$$

$$318 - 37 = 281$$

$$281 - 61 = 220$$

$$220 - 91 = 129$$

$$129 - 127 = 2$$

Next number to be subtracted is 169, which is greater than 2

Since, 345 is not a perfect cube. So, to make it a perfect cube we subtract 2 from the given number.

$$345 - 2 = 343 \text{ (which is a perfect cube of 7)}$$

**(iii)** 792

Let's perform subtraction

$$792 - 1 = 791$$

$$791 - 7 = 784$$

$$784 - 19 = 765$$

$$765 - 37 = 728$$

$$728 - 61 = 667$$

$$667 - 91 = 576$$

$$576 - 127 = 449$$

$$449 - 169 = 280$$

$$280 - 217 = 63$$

Next number to be subtracted is 271, which is greater than 63

Since, 792 is not a perfect cube. So, to make it a perfect cube we subtract 63 from the given number.

$$792 - 63 = 729 \text{ (which is a perfect cube of 9)}$$

**4. Find the cube root of each of the following natural numbers:**

**(i) 343 (ii) 2744**

**(iii) 4913 (iv) 1728**

**(v) 35937 (vi) 17576**

**(vii) 134217728 (viii) 48228544**

**(ix) 74088000 (x) 157464**

**(xi) 1157625 (xii) 33698267**

**Solution:**

**(i) 343**

By using prime factorization method

$$\sqrt[3]{343} = \sqrt[3]{(7 \times 7 \times 7)} = 7$$

**(ii) 2744**

By using prime factorization method

$$\sqrt[3]{2744} = \sqrt[3]{(2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 7 \times 7 \times 7)} = \sqrt[3]{(2^3 \times 7^3)} = 2 \times 7 = 14$$

**(iii) 4913**

By using prime factorization method,

$$\sqrt[3]{4913} = \sqrt[3]{(17 \times 17 \times 17)} = 17$$

**(iv) 1728**

By using prime factorization method,

$$\sqrt[3]{1728} = \sqrt[3]{(2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 3 \times 3)} = \sqrt[3]{(2^3 \times 2^3 \times 3^3)} = 2 \times 2 \times 3 = 12$$

**(v) 35937**

By using prime factorization method,

$$\sqrt[3]{35937} = \sqrt[3]{(3 \times 3 \times 3 \times 11 \times 11 \times 11)} = \sqrt[3]{(3^3 \times 11^3)} = 3 \times 11 = 33$$

**(vi) 17576**

By using prime factorization method,

$$\sqrt[3]{17576} = \sqrt[3]{(2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 13 \times 13 \times 13)} = \sqrt[3]{(2^3 \times 13^3)} = 2 \times 13 = 26$$

**(vii) 134217728**

By using prime factorization method

$$\sqrt[3]{134217728} = \sqrt[3]{(2^{27})} = 2^9 = 512$$

**(viii) 48228544**

By using prime factorization method

$$\sqrt[3]{48228544} = \sqrt[3]{(2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 7 \times 7 \times 7 \times 13 \times 13 \times 13)} = \sqrt[3]{(2^3 \times 2^3 \times 7^3 \times 13^3)} = 2 \times 2 \times 7 \times 13 = 364$$

(ix) 74088000

By using prime factorization method

$$\sqrt[3]{74088000} = \sqrt[3]{(2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 3 \times 3 \times 5 \times 5 \times 5 \times 7 \times 7 \times 7)} = \sqrt[3]{(2^3 \times 2^3 \times 3^3 \times 5^3 \times 7^3)} = 2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 5 \times 7 = 420$$

(x) 157464

By using prime factorization method

$$\sqrt[3]{157464} = \sqrt[3]{(2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 3 \times 3 \times 3 \times 3 \times 3 \times 3 \times 3 \times 3)} = \sqrt[3]{(2^3 \times 3^3 \times 3^3 \times 3^3)} = 2 \times 3 \times 3 \times 3 = 54$$

(xi) 1157625

By using prime factorization method

$$\sqrt[3]{1157625} = \sqrt[3]{(3 \times 3 \times 3 \times 5 \times 5 \times 5 \times 7 \times 7 \times 7)} = \sqrt[3]{(3^3 \times 5^3 \times 7^3)} = 3 \times 5 \times 7 = 105$$

(xii) 33698267

By using prime factorization method

$$\sqrt[3]{33698267} = \sqrt[3]{(17 \times 17 \times 17 \times 19 \times 19 \times 19)} = \sqrt[3]{(17^3 \times 19^3)} = 17 \times 19 = 323$$

**5. Find the smallest number which when multiplied with 3600 will make the product a perfect cube. Further, find the cube root of the product.**

**Solution:**

Firstly let's find the prime factors for 3600

$$\begin{aligned} 3600 &= 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 3 \times 5 \times 5 \\ &= 2^3 \times 3^2 \times 5^2 \times 2 \end{aligned}$$

Since only one triples is formed and three factors remained ungrouped in triples.

The given number 3600 is not a perfect cube.

To make it a perfect cube we have to multiply it by  $(2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 5) = 60$

$$3600 \times 60 = 216000$$

Cube root of 216000 is

$$\sqrt[3]{216000} = \sqrt[3]{(60 \times 60 \times 60)} = \sqrt[3]{(60^3)} = 60$$

$\therefore$  the smallest number which when multiplied with 3600 will make the product a perfect cube is 60 and the cube root of the product is 60.

**6. Multiply 210125 by the smallest number so that the product is a perfect cube. Also, find out the cube root of the product.**

**Solution:**

The prime factors of 210125 are

$$210125 = 5 \times 5 \times 5 \times 41 \times 41$$

Since, one triples remained incomplete, 210125 is not a perfect cube.

To make it a perfect cube we need to multiply the factors by 41, we will get 2 triples as

23 and  $41^3$ .

And the product become:

$$210125 \times 41 = 8615125$$

$$8615125 = 5 \times 5 \times 5 \times 41 \times 41 \times 41$$

$$\text{Cube root of product} = \sqrt[3]{8615125} = \sqrt[3]{(5 \times 41)^3} = 205$$

**7. What is the smallest number by which 8192 must be divided so that quotient is a perfect cube? Also, find the cube root of the quotient so obtained.**

**Solution:**

The prime factors of 8192 are

$$8192 = 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 = 2^3 \times 2^3 \times 2^3 \times 2$$

Since, one triples remain incomplete, hence 8192 is not a perfect cube.

So, we divide 8192 by 2 to make its quotient a perfect cube.

$$8192/2 = 4096$$

$$4096 = 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 = 2^3 \times 2^3 \times 2^3 \times 2^3$$

$$\text{Cube root of } 4096 = \sqrt[3]{4096} = \sqrt[3]{(2^3 \times 2^3 \times 2^3 \times 2^3)} = 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 = 16$$

**8. Three numbers are in the ratio 1:2:3. The sum of their cubes is 98784. Find the numbers.**

**Solution:**

Let us consider the ratio 1:2:3 as x, 2x and 3x

According to the question,

$$x^3 + (2x)^3 + (3x)^3 = 98784$$

$$x^3 + 8x^3 + 27x^3 = 98784$$

$$36x^3 = 98784$$

$$x^3 = 98784/36$$

$$= 2744$$

$$x = \sqrt[3]{2744} = \sqrt[3]{(2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 7 \times 7 \times 7)} = 2 \times 7 = 14$$

So, the numbers are,

$$x = 14$$

$$2x = 2 \times 14 = 28$$

$$3x = 3 \times 14 = 42$$

**9. The volume of a cube is 9261000 m<sup>3</sup>. Find the side of the cube.**

Given, volume of cube = 9261000 m<sup>3</sup>

Let us consider the side of cube be 'a' metre

$$\text{So, } a^3 = 9261000$$

$$a = \sqrt[3]{9261000} = \sqrt[3]{(2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 3 \times 3 \times 5 \times 5 \times 5 \times 7 \times 7 \times 7)} = \sqrt[3]{(2^3 \times 3^3 \times 5^3 \times 7^3)} = 2 \times 3 \times 5 \times 7 = 210$$

∴ the side of cube = 210 metre