

## EXERCISE 29.6

Evaluate the following limits:

1. 
$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(3x-1)(4x-2)}{(x+8)(x-1)}$$

**Solution:**

Given: 
$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(3x-1)(4x-2)}{(x+8)(x-1)}$$

The limit Let us simplify the expression, we get

$$\begin{aligned} \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(3x-1)(4x-2)}{(x+8)(x-1)} &= \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(12x^2 - 10x + 2)}{(x^2 + 9x - 8)} \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \left( \frac{12 - \frac{10}{x} + \frac{2}{x^2}}{1 + \frac{9}{x} - \frac{8}{x^2}} \right) \end{aligned}$$

When substituting the value of  $x$  as  $x \rightarrow \infty$  and  $\frac{1}{x} \rightarrow 0$  then,

$$\begin{aligned} &= \frac{12 - 0 + 0}{1} \\ &= 12 \end{aligned}$$

$$\therefore \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(3x-1)(4x-2)}{(x+8)(x-1)} = 12$$

2. 
$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{3x^3 - 4x^2 + 6x - 1}{2x^3 + x^2 - 5x + 7}$$

**Solution:**

Given: 
$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{3x^3 - 4x^2 + 6x - 1}{2x^3 + x^2 - 5x + 7}$$

The limit Let us simplify the expression, we get

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{3x^3 - 4x^2 + 6x - 1}{2x^3 + x^2 - 5x + 7} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{3 - \frac{4}{x} + \frac{6}{x^2} - \frac{1}{x^3}}{2 + \frac{1}{x} - \frac{5}{x^2} + \frac{7}{x^3}}$$

When substituting the value of  $x$  as  $x \rightarrow \infty$  and  $\frac{1}{x} \rightarrow 0$  then,

$$\begin{aligned} &= \frac{3 - 0 + 0 - 0}{2 + 0 - 0 + 0} \\ &= 3/2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\therefore \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{3x^3 - 4x^2 + 6x - 1}{2x^3 + x^2 - 5x + 7} = \frac{3}{2}$$

3. 
$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{5x^3 - 6}{\sqrt{9 + 4x^6}}$$

**Solution:**

Given: 
$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{5x^3 - 6}{\sqrt{9 + 4x^6}}$$

The limit 
$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{5x^3 - 6}{\sqrt{9 + 4x^6}}$$

Let us simplify the expression, we get

$$\begin{aligned} \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{5x^3 - 6}{\sqrt{(9 + 4x^6)}} &= \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{5 - \frac{6}{x^3}}{\sqrt{\left(\frac{9}{x^6} + \frac{4x^6}{x^6}\right)}} \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\left(5 - \frac{6}{x^3}\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{9}{x^6} + 4}} \end{aligned}$$

When substituting the value of  $x$  as  $x \rightarrow \infty$  and  $\frac{1}{x} \rightarrow 0$  then,

$$\begin{aligned} &= \frac{5}{\sqrt{4}} \\ &= 5/2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\therefore \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{5x^3 - 6}{\sqrt{(9 + 4x^6)}} = \frac{5}{2}$$

4. 
$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \sqrt{x^2 + cx} - x$$

**Solution:**

Given: 
$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \sqrt{x^2 + cx} - x$$

The limit 
$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \sqrt{x^2 + cx} - x$$

Let us simplify the expression by rationalizing the numerator, we get

$$\begin{aligned} \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \sqrt{x^2 + cx} - x &= \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \left( \sqrt{x^2 + cx} - x \right) \cdot \frac{\sqrt{x^2 + cx} + x}{\sqrt{x^2 + cx} + x} \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(x^2 + cx - x^2)}{\sqrt{x^2 + cx} + x} \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{cx}{\sqrt{x^2 + cx} + x} \end{aligned}$$

By taking 'x' as common from both numerator and denominator, we get

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{c}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{c}{x} + 1}}$$

When substituting the value of x as  $x \rightarrow \infty$  and  $\frac{1}{x} \rightarrow 0$  then,

$$= \frac{c}{1 + 1}$$

$$= \frac{c}{2}$$

$$\therefore \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \sqrt{x^2 + cx} - x = \frac{c}{2}$$

5.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \sqrt{x+1} - \sqrt{x}$

**Solution:**

Given:  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \sqrt{x+1} - \sqrt{x}$

The limit  $x \rightarrow \infty$

Let us simplify the expression by rationalizing the numerator, we get

On rationalizing the numerator we get,

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \sqrt{x+1} - \sqrt{x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \sqrt{x+1} - \sqrt{x} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{x+1} + \sqrt{x}}{(\sqrt{x+1} + \sqrt{x})}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(x+1-x)}{\sqrt{x+1} + \sqrt{x}}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \left( \frac{1}{\sqrt{x+1} + \sqrt{x}} \right)$$

When substituting the value of x as  $x \rightarrow \infty$  and  $\frac{1}{x} \rightarrow 0$  then,

$$= \frac{1}{\infty}$$

$$= 0$$

$$\therefore \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \sqrt{x+1} - \sqrt{x} = 0$$